



SPRING 2011 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR FINLAND: ANSWERS FROM EK

MAIN FORECAST						
Annual % change		2010	2011			
Real GDP growth		3,1	3,5			
Consumer price inflation		1,2	2,5			
Unemployment rate		8,4	7,7			
Employment growth		-0,4	1,1			
Government net lending (% of GDP)		-2,5	-1,8			
Gross public debt (% of GDP)		48,4	0,0			
Current account balance (% of GDP)		2,9	2,5			
Components of aggregate demand - in rea	l terms					
Annual % change						
Private consumption		2,6	2,0			
Public consumption		0,4	1,0			
Investment (Gross Fixed Capital Formation)		0,8	8,0			
Private non-residential investment		-9,5	9,0			
Exports		5,1	10,0			
Imports		2,6	9,0			
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
Trend in business climate over the next	Positive Industry	Negative	Unchanged			
		-	<u> </u>			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months	Industry	Negative Negative	Unchanged Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next	Industry Services	-	<u> </u>			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months	Industry Services Positive	-	<u> </u>			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months	Industry Services Positive Industry	Negative Increase (slower pace)	<u> </u>	Decrease (slower pace)	Decrease (faster pace)	
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Investment intentions over the next 6	Industry Services Positive Industry Services Increase	Negative Increase (slower pace) Industry	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Investment intentions over the next 6	Industry Services Positive Industry Services Increase	Negative Increase (slower pace)	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months	Industry Services Positive Industry Services Increase	Negative Increase (slower pace) Industry	Unchanged			Capacity Utilisation
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Investment intentions over the next 6 months	Positive Industry Services Positive Industry Services Increase (faster pace)	Negative Increase (slower pace) Industry Services	Unchanged Unchanged	(slower pace)	(faster pace)	Capacity Utilisation
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Investment intentions over the next 6 months Influence on companies' investment	Industry Services Positive Industry Services Increase (faster pace) Global demand	Increase (slower pace) Industry Services Domestic demand	Unchanged Unchanged Cost of finance	(slower pace) Availability of finance	(faster pace) Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisation

Industry: past 6 months Industry: next 6 months Services: past 6 months Services: next 6 months

Overall trend in employment

Same

Up

Up

Up





ACCESS TO FINANCE AND IMPACT	OF THE CRISIS ON POT	ENTIAL GROWTH			
Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been for SMEs	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same Cost	down / easier Access	
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Cost	Access	
Over the next 6 months, cost /access to finance will be for SMEs	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult Cost	same Access	down / easier	
for larger companies (>250 employees)		Cost	Access		
	Consolidation of banking sector balance sheets	Access to capital markets	Engcouraging equity financing through tax reforms	Better use of existing EU instruments (including EIB)	Greater potential for Public-Private- Partnerships
Measures to alleviate current financial difficulties for SMEs	Important effect	Mofirate effect	Very limited effect	Mofirate effect	Mofirate effect
	Consolidation of banking sector balance sheets	Access to capital markets	Engcouraging equity financing through tax reforms	Better use of existing EU instruments (including EIB)	Greater potential for Public-Private- Partnerships
Measures to alleviate current financial difficulties for midsize and large companies	Mofirate effect	Important effect	Mofirate effect	Mofirate effect	Important effect





POLICY MIX					
Monetary policy is	Tight, appropriate for the euro area	Tight	Appropriate	Loose	Loose, appropriate for the euro area yes
	adequate	inadequate			
Consistency between fiscal and monetary policies	yes	madequate			
	excellent committment	satisfactory committment	neither satisfactory nor unsatisfactory committment	unsatisfactory committment	no clear committment creating an extremely worrying situation
Regarding the sustainability of public finances, government shows		yes			
	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
Exit Strategies Tight fiscal rules and more effective institutions		yes	undamoion roda		
Greater efficiency of public administrations			yes		
Credible cost-cutting measures Increased scope of public-private			yes	yes	
partnerships				yes	
Reform of pension systems Improved efficiency of healthcare			yes		
sector				yes	
	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
Entry Strategies					
More and better-targeted education and training			yes		
More and better targeted R&D and innovation efforts			V00		
nnovation eπorts Prioritisation of infrastructure			yes		
investments		yes			
Growth enhancing tax reforms				yes	
	respect the 3% limit	be in balance			