

SPRING 2011 REFORM BAROMETER - LUXEMBOURG

| | Level | | | Rank | | | Gap | | Areas of Action | |
|-------------------|---|-------|--------|-------|------|--------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2009 | 2010 | Change | 2009 | 2010 | change | EU top 5 | Gap ¹ | 2010 | |
| Pillar I | 1 GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity- PPP) | 49086 | 51079 | 4,1% | 1 | 1 | 0 | NL IE SE AT DE | 68% | |
| | 2 GDP per capita (€ at 2000 prices) | 44075 | 44032 | -0,1% | 2 | 2 | 0 | DK SE IE FI AT | 44% | |
| | 3 Labour productivity per hour worked (PPP) | 60,2 | 60,8 | 1,0% | 1 | 1 | 0 | NL BE FR DE IE | 47% | |
| | 4 Labour productivity per person employed (PPP) | 89961 | 93177 | 3,6% | 1 | 1 | 0 | IE BE FR SE NL | 40% | |
| | 5 Private investment (excluding non residential, %GDP) | 5,4 | 5,7 | 0,3 | 29 | 29 | 0 | BG BE AT DE IT | -7,9 | |
| | 6 Industrial activity (% total value added) | 9,0 | 8,7 | -0,3 | 31 | 31 | 0 | IE SK CZ FI SI | -23,9 | |
| | 7 R&D expenditure (% GDP) * | 1,6 | 1,7 | 0,1 | 15 | 17 | -2 | FI SE DK DE AT | -1,5 | |
| | 8 Operating surplus (% total value added) | 45,5 | 46,3 | 0,8 | 11 | 11 | 0 | BG GR MT SK IE | -8,3 | |
| Pillar II | 9 Current Account (% GDP) | 6,7 | 8,4 | 1,7 | 5 | 3 | 2 | LU SE NL DE DK | 2,5 | |
| | 10 Export market share (gain from 2000) | -7,5 | -7,8 | -0,2 | 24 | 24 | 0 | RO LT CZ HU BG | -71,2 | |
| | 11 Net export contribution to GDP | 1,6 | -0,5 | -2,1 | 18 | 28 | -10 | BG IE GR HU CY | -4,4 | |
| | 12 Share in global trade | 0,2 | 0,2 | 0,0 | 25 | 25 | 0 | DE FR NL UK IT | -4,1 | |
| | 13 Relative unit labour cost (gain from 2000) | 1,2 | 1,6 | 0,3 | 10 | 10 | 0 | DE PL AT SE FR | 9,4 | |
| | 14 High-tech exports (% total exports) ** | 32,4 | 35,2 | 2,8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | MT LU IE HU CY | 6,4 | |
| | 15 Employment rate (% working age population) | 65,2 | 64,7 | -0,5 | 5 | 6 | -1 | NL DK SE AT DE | -4,0 | |
| Pillar III | 16 Employment rate 15-24 (% population 15-24) | 26,7 | 19,4 | -7,3 | 23 | 30 | -7 | NL DK AT UK DE | -34,2 | |
| | 17 Employment rate 55-64 (% population 55-64) | 38,2 | 40,3 | 2,1 | 26 | 25 | 1 | SE DE UK CY DK | -19,4 | |
| | 18 Annual hours worked (per capita) | 1494 | 1532 | 2,5% | 28 | 28 | 0 | PL GR HU LV CZ | -22% | |
| | 19 Labour participation (% working age population) | 68,5 | 68,7 | 0,2 | 25 | 24 | 1 | DK SE NL PT DE | -11,3 | |
| | 20 Working age population (as % total population) | 68,1 | 68,2 | 0,1 | 13 | 13 | 0 | SK PL CY CZ RO | 1,0 | |
| | 21 Unemployment rate (% labour force) | 5,1 | 5,5 | 0,4 | 5 | 6 | -1 | AT NL LU MT CY | -0,1 | |
| | 22 Gross debt - general government (% GDP) | 14,5 | 18,2 | 3,6 | 2 | 2 | 0 | EE LU BG RO LT | -5,9 | |
| Pillar IV | 23 Net debt - general government (% GDP)* | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | FI EE SE BG CZ | N/A | |
| | 24 Government budget balance (% GDP) | -0,7 | -1,8 | -1,0 | 3 | 5 | -2 | SE EE LU FI DE | 0,3 | |
| | 25 Primary balance (% GDP) | -0,4 | -1,4 | -1,1 | 5 | 11 | -6 | HU SE IT EE MT | -1,0 | |
| | 26 Tax burden (% GDP) | 38,0 | 37,8 | 0,0 | 20 | 20 | 0 | LV SK RO BG LT | 7,2 | |
| | 27 Highest marginal tax rate, individual rate (%)* | 39,0 | 39,0 | 0 | 14 | 15 | -1 | BG CZ LT RO SK | 0 | |
| | 28 Public investment (% total public expenditure) | 9,3 | 9,4 | 0,0 | 12 | 13 | -1 | PL CZ RO BG LV | -4,6 | |
| | 29 Budgetary adjustment related to age (% GDP) | N/A | 7,5 | N/A | N/A | 27 | N/A | PL EE HU BG SE | 7,4 | |
| Pillar V | 30 Net foreign assets (% GDP) * | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | NL BE DE DK FI | N/A | |
| | 31 Net financial assets, households (% GDP) * | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | BE IT NL FR DE | N/A | |
| | 32 Net financial liabilities, non financial corporations (% GDP)* | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | SK NL DE GR PL | N/A | |
| | 33 Regulatory tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets * | 15,4 | 18,9 | 3,5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | MT LU BE BG EE | 1,7 | |
| | 34 Non performing loans to total gross loans * | 1,0 | 1,3 | 0,3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | FI LU SE SI AT | -0,4 | |
| | 35 Loans to private sector (% GDP) | 353,0 | 343,1 | -9,9 | 26 | 26 | 0 | RO SK PL CZ HU | 300,5 | |
| | 36 Bank liabilities (%GDP) * | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | SK RO PL LT BG | N/A | |

Source : European Commission, Eurostat

A methodological note can be found in the report or [here](#).

1. Percentage points, when not indicated otherwise

* 2008/ 2009 data

** 2007/ 2008 data

Five best

Lowest third

PRIORITIES FOR REFORM: ANSWERS FROM FEDIL (LUXEMBOURG)

| | Policy Area | Concrete Recommendations | Are the proposed recommendations already in the agenda of your Government? | |
|-------------------|-------------|--|--|---------------------|
| | | | Yes | No |
| Priority 1 | 12 | Better implementation of the Bologna process and reform of the employment administration | x | |
| Priority 2 | 8 | Flexibility of working hours and work contracts. Swift implementation of temporary work directive. | x | x for working hours |
| Priority 3 | 11 | Freeze or modulation of automatic indexation. Improve the selectivity of social transfers. | | x |
| Priority 4 | 14 | Guarantee the sustainability of health care and pension systems | x for pensions | x for health care |
| Priority 5 | 22 | Develop and increase the venture capital sector. | | x |

| Policy areas |
|---|
| 1. Business Environment - Regulatory barriers to entrepreneurship |
| 2. Business Dynamics - Start-up conditions |
| 3. R&D and Innovation |
| 4. ICT |
| 5. Competition policy framework |
| 6. Sector specific regulation (telecom, energy) |
| 7. Market integration - Openness to trade and investment |
| 8. Active labour market policies |
| 9. Job protection |
| 10. Labour supply measures for specific groups (older workers, women...) |
| 11. Wage bargaining and wage-setting policies |
| 12. Labour market mismatch and labour mobility |
| 13. Making work-pay: interplay of tax and benefit system |
| 14. Pension and health care reforms |
| 15. Quality of fiscal institutions and budgetary framework |
| 16. Consolidation of public expenditures |
| 17. Public sector efficiency |
| 18. Public investment |
| 19. Tax reforms |
| 20. Access to bond markets |
| 21. Access to equity markets |
| 22. Venture capital and SME financing instruments |
| 23. Bank lending conditions |
| 24. Long term investment instruments |