



JUNE 2010 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR LITHUANIA: ANSWERS FROM LPK

MAIN FORECAST						
Annual % change		2010	2011			
Real GDP growth		-0,5	3,4			
Consumer price inflation		0,4	1,3			
Jnemployment rate		16,5	15,0			
Employment growth		-5,1	-0,6			
government net lending (% of GDP)		-8,0	-6,0			
gross public debt (% of GDP)		38,0	42,0			
current account balance (% of GDP)		1,2	0,0			
Components of aggregate demand - in rea	al terms					
Annual % change		2010	2011			
Private consumption		-4,8	3,0			
Public consumption		-6,5	-1,6			
Private non-residential investment (*)		-3,0	8,0			
Exports		6.5	8.5			
Imports		5,0	7,0			
(*) Data refers to total gross fixed capital form	nation					
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
	Positive	Manativa				
	rositive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next	Industry	Negauve	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months		negative	Services			
		Negative				
		Negative				
	Industry	_	Services			
6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6	Industry Positive	_	Services Unchanged			
6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6	Industry Positive	_	Services			
6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6	Industry Positive	_	Services Unchanged	Availability of finance	Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisation
6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Influence on companies' investment	Industry Positive Industry	Negative	Services Unchanged Services	Availability of finance	Company Profitability negative	Capacity Utilisation
Trend in profitability over the next 6 months	Positive Industry Global demand positive	Negative Domestic demand negative	Services Unchanged Services Cost of finance neutral	negative		
Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Influence on companies' investment decisions	Positive Industry Global demand	Negative Domestic demand	Services Unchanged Services Cost of finance			
Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Influence on companies' investment decisions Driving force behind investment	Positive Industry Global demand positive	Negative Domestic demand negative	Services Unchanged Services Cost of finance neutral	negative		
6 months Trend in profitability over the next 6 months Influence on companies' investment decisions Driving force behind investment	Positive Industry Global demand positive Replacement	Negative Domestic demand negative Extension negative Industry: next 6	Services Unchanged Services Cost of finance neutral Rationalisation	negative Innovation		
6 months	Positive Industry Global demand positive Replacement negative	Negative Domestic demand negative Extension negative	Services Unchanged Services Cost of finance neutral Rationalisation positive	negative Innovation positive		





POLICY MIX					
	Tight, appropriate for the euro area	Tight	Appropriate	Loose	Loose, appropriate fo
Monetary policy is	yes				
	adequate	inadequate			
Consistency between fiscal and		yes			
monetary policies					
	excellent committment	satisfactory committment	neither satisfactory nor unsatisfactory committment	unsatisfactory committment	no clear committmen creating an extremely worrying situation
Regarding the sustainability of public finances, government shows		yes			
Exit Strategies	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
Tight fiscal rules and more effective institutions		yes			
Greater efficiency of public administrations		yes			
Credible cost-cutting measures				yes	
Increased scope of public-private partnerships				yes	
Reform of pension systems		yes			
Improved efficiency of healthcare sector				yes	
Entry Strategies	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
More and better-targeted education and training				yes	
More and better targeted R&D and innovation efforts			yes		
Prioritisation of infrastructure investments			yes		
Growth enhancing tax reforms				yes	
	1 1 00¢ II 1				
In 2015, the previous and definit will	respect the 3% limit	be in balance			
In 2015, the government deficit will	yes	no			





Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs				Cost
				Access
for larger companies (>250 employees)				Cost
				Access
Over the next 6 months, cost /access to finance will be	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs		•	Cost	
				Access
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Cost	
				Access