



## JUNE 2010 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR CYPRUS: ANSWERS FROM OEB

Annual % change		2010	2011			
Real GDP growth		-0,5	0,5			
Consumer price inflation		2,5	2,0			
Unemployment rate		6,5	6,2			
Employment growth		-0,1	0,0			
government net lending (% of GDP)		6,0	5,2			
gross public debt (% of GDP)		59,7	61,8			
current account balance (% of GDP)		-11,5	-12,0			
Components of aggregate demand - in rea	al terms					
Annual % change		2010	2011			
Private consumption		0,0	2,5			
Public consumption		0,9	1,1			
Private non-residential investment (*)		-10,0	-8,0			
Exports		1,2	3,9			
Imports		5,0	4,6			
(*) Data refers to Total Gross Fixed Capital F	ormation					
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT						
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next		Industry				
6 months		Services				
	D14:	No di	111			
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in profitability over the next 6		Industry				
months		Services				
	Global demand	Domestic demand	Cost of finance	Availability of finance	Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisatio
Influence on companies' investment	negative	negative	na	positive	positive	positive
decisions	negative	negative	IIa	positive	positive	розние
	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
Driving force behind investment decisions in the next 6 months	positive	neutral	negative	neutral		
	Industry: past 6	Industry: next 6	Services: past 6	Services: next 6		
	months	months	months	months		
	Down	Down	Down	Down		
Overall trend in employment						





POLICY MIX					
	Tight, appropriate for				Loose, appropriate for
	the euro area	Tight	Appropriate	Loose	the euro area
Monetary policy is			yes		
	adequate	inadequate			
Consistency between fiscal and	yes				
monetary policies	yes				
			neither satisfactory		no clear committmen
	excellent	satisfactory	nor unsatisfactory	unsatisfactory	creating an extremel
	committment	committment	committment	committment	worrying situation
Regarding the sustainability of public					
finances, government shows		yes			
Exit Strategies	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
Tight fiscal rules and more effective			nor unsumcient locus		
institutions	yes				
Greater efficiency of public	yes				
administrations		yes			
Credible cost-cutting measures		yes			
Increased scope of public-private		, 55			
partnerships				yes	
Reform of pension systems				yes	
Improved efficiency of healthcare				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
sector					yes
	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
Entry Strategies	excessive locus	Sumorem rocus	nor unsufficient focus	unsumcient rocus	30 lai igiloreu
More and better-targeted education and					
training				yes	
More and better targeted R&D and					
innovation efforts				yes	
Prioritisation of infrastructure					
investments		yes			
Growth enhancing tax reforms					yes
	respect the 3% limit	be in balance			





Compared to 6 months ago, cost/access to finance has been	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs				Cost
			Access	
for larger companies (>250 employees)				Cost
			Access	
Over the next 6 months, cost /access to finance will be	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs	restramed	up / more announ	Cost	down / easier
			Access	
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Cost	
<u> </u>			Access	