





JUNE 2010 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR GERMANY: ANSWERS FROM BDA AND BDI

MAIN FORECAST						
Annual % change		2010	2011			
Real GDP growth		1,8	1,4			
Consumer price inflation		1,0	1,0			
Unemployment rate		7,6	7,8			
Employment growth		-0,1	0,0			
government net lending (% of GDP)		-4,9	-4,2			
gross public debt (% of GDP)		76,0	79,0			
current account balance (% of GDP)		5,6	5,8			
Components of aggregate demand - in r	eal terms					
Annual % change		2010	2011			
Private consumption		0,1	0,8			
Public consumption		1,8	1,1			
Private non-residential investment		3,1	2,9			
Exports		8,0	6,3			
Imports		4,5	5,7			
ECONOMIC SENTIMENT	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in business climate over the next 6 months	Industry		Services			
	Positive	Negative	Unchanged			
Trend in profitability over the next 6	Industry					
months			Services			
	Global demand	Domestic demand	Cost of finance	Availability of finance	Company Profitability	Capacity Utilisation
Influence on companies' investment decisions	positive	neutral	negative	negative	neutral	negative
	Replacement	Extension	Rationalisation	Innovation		
Driving force behind investment decisions in the next 6 months	positive	negative	positive	positive		
	Industry: past 6 months	Industry: next 6 months	Services: past 6 months	Services: next 6 months		
Overall trend in employment	Down	Same	Same	Up		
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POLICY MIX					
	Tight, appropriate for the euro area	Tight	Appropriate	Loose	Loose, appropriate fo
Monetary policy is			yes		
	adequate	inadequate			
Consistency between fiscal and monetary policies		yes			
	excellent committment	satisfactory committment	neither satisfactory nor unsatisfactory committment	unsatisfactory committment	no clear committment creating an extremely worrying situation
Regarding the sustainability of public finances, government shows	yes				nonying attacks
Exit Strategies	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
Tight fiscal rules and more effective institutions		yes			
Greater efficiency of public administrations				yes	
Credible cost-cutting measures				yes	
Increased scope of public-private partnerships			yes		
Reform of pension systems				yes	
Improved efficiency of healthcare sector				yes	
Entry Strategies	excessive focus	sufficient focus	neither satisfactory nor unsufficient focus	unsufficient focus	so far ignored
More and better-targeted education and training			yes		
More and better targeted R&D and innovation efforts				yes	
Prioritisation of infrastructure investments			yes		
Growth enhancing tax reforms				yes	
	respect the 3% limit	be in balance			
In 2015, the government deficit will	yes	no			





Compared to 6 months ago,				
cost/access to finance has been	sharply up / restrained	up / more difficult	same	down / easier
for SMEs			Cost	
			Access	
for larger companies (>250 employees)			Cost	
				Access
Over the next 6 months, cost /access to finance will be		up / more difficult	sama	down / easier
for SMEs	sharply up / restrained	Cost	same	uowii / easiei
IOI GIVILS		Access		
for larger companies (>250 employees)		Cost		
			Access	